Non reviaon of pension of ESSO Employees

3581. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government has signed an agreement with the ESSO assuring continuity of service conditions to its employees;

(b) if so, what ale the reasons for which the Dearnests Supplement of pensioners was freezed from 1974 to 1983;

(c) whether it is also a fact that during the 14 years' period of Government take over of the company the basic pension of its pensioners was not revised;

(d) whether it is also a fact that when all Government pensioners enjoy 100 per cent DA relief upto a pension of Rs. 1750 the ESSO pensioners are subjected to a ceiling on Dearness Relief at Rs. 500;

(e) whether it is also a fact that non-management pensioners are denied the facility to commute pension, while tLe management pensioners are given commu tation facility; and

(f) if so, what are the reasons for not applying the Fourth Commission's re commendations in favour of the ESSO' pensioners even after Government have taken over the* aompany?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRT BRAHM DUTT): (a) Government of India took over the right, title and interest of ESSO in relation to its undertaking in India in March, 1974. The takeover act provided that every employee of the erstwhile ESSO shall hold office or service on the same terms and conditions and with the same rights *to* pension, gratuity and other mat-"*"ters as would have been admissible to him if there had been no such takeover;

(b) This erstwhile ESSO's India Pension Plan did not contain a specific scheme for granting pension supplements: therefore, the question of freezing such payment did not arise.

(c) and (d) The basic pension for the pensioners of the e/stwhile ESSO is calculated as specified in the India Pension Plan. Government pensioners are governed by different service conditions. Therefore, granting of pension relief tc erstwhile ESSO pensioners at rates applicable to the Government pensioners does not airse;

(e) Yes, Sir;

(f) The recommendations of the Fomth Pay Commission are not applicable as such to the erstwhile ESSO .pensioners, nor to any Public Sector Undertaking.

Performance of Bharat Bharti Udjog Nigam Limited

3582. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) what is the performance result after formation of Bharat Bhari Udyog Nigam Limited till March, 1988;

(b) what steps have been taken to revamp the units for making them viable;

(c) what is the number of staff employed in the Bharat Bhari Udyog Nigam, categorywise, including the Ckairman and Board Mejnbers with details of salary drawn, perks etc.;

(d) whether on formation of the Holding Company additional expenses have been incurred on the constituent units; if so, the details of expenses unitwise and

(e) what is the rationale behind the Ministry's proposals to reduce expenses on conveyance/travelling, car expenses, ban on recruitment etc. and the expenses incurred on other items including recruitment of staff and high salaries officers and others for the Holding Company?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI J. VENGAL RAO): (a) Bharat Bhari Udyog Nigam Limited (BBUNL) came into existence with effect from 17-9-86. BBUNL group of subsidiaries had achieved a production of Rs. 317.6 crores in

1986-87. During 1987-88, these com-panies achieved a production of Rs. 307.93 crores. Decline in production during 1987-88 lias been due to 47 days strike in the engineering units in West Bengal.

(b) Consequent upon the formation Of BBUNL, a number of steps have been , taken in this direction e.g.,

(i) Railway wagon allocation share for the Public Sector Units has been rationalised among the subsidiaries.

(ii) BBUNL have worked out a scheme for restructuring of the capital base of its subsidiaries.

(iii) BBUNL have identified the re-quirement of additional working capital for its subsidaries.

(iv) BBUNL has taken up studies for overall modernisation of the facilities of the Subsidiaries with possible funds assistance from the World Bank.

(v) Studies have been taken up to decide about the product rationalisation amongst the subsidiaries.

(c) The present staff strength of BBUNL is as under:

Category	
Board *Level* (CMDl & Personnel	Director 2
Executive	11
Supervisory staff ...	3
P.A. to Steno ...	4
Receptionist/Tel. Operator .	1
Others.....	5

The salaries and allowance for the two Board 'level executives are Rs 16.473 per month and the salaries and allowances for the other work out to Rs. 77,148 per month.

(d) During 1987-88 the constituent units have provided Rs. 14.30 lakhs as service charges to the Holding Company. Unit-wise apportionment has not been finalised.

(e) The Government has issued only general guidelines for reduction of expense., on conveyance, travelling etc. for all Public Sector units.

Use of energy in cement plants

3583. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY: Wiil the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) what *ait* the comparative figures of use of energy in cement plants of daffarent capacity range and technology (large, me-f dium and small scale); and

(b) what steps Government have taken or propose to lake to achieve 5 to 10 pei cent improvement in the rate of utilisation of energy in the cement industry?

THE MININSTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI KALP-NATH RAI): (a) As per the report of the Bureau of Industrial Costs and Prices on Energy Audit of Cement Industry, the comparative figures of use of electrical power and thermal energy in cement plants Of different capacity range and technology for some of the units in 1983-84 are:—

Technology/ Process used	Installed capacity (in lakh tonnes p.a.)	Electrical power consumption per tonne of .cement (in Kwh)	Thermal energy con-sumption per tonne of cement (in G/Cal.)
Wet	0.84	89.24	1.404
-do-	2.59	103.86	1.823
-do-	4.01	121.25	1.823
-do	7.82	109.26	1.565
Semidry	3.35	125.26	0.928
-do-	10.80	121.98	1.017
Dry .	2.00	120.00	1.207
-do-	4.00	138.05	0.793
-do-	10.00	168.18	1.003

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